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Terrestrial Invertebrates, Edwards Air Force Base, 1997

Gordon Pratt

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Terrestrial Invertebrates, Edwards Air Force Base, 1997

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Preface

Members of the staff at Edwards Air Force Base, Edwards, CA, are conducting a series of floral and fauna surveys to check for Federally - listed endangered or threatened species and to obtain information for an overall resource management plan. In previous years they have conducted surveys for tortoises, butterflies, birds, and eubranchipods (including tadpole, clam, and fairy shrimp). This report describes results of a survey for terrestrial macroinvertebrates conducted by Dr. Gordon Pratt, University of California at Riverside, during 1997 under Contract DACA39-39-96-0028. This report presents results from the second year of a 3-year study.

The contract was monitored by Dr. Andrew C. Miller, Aquatic Ecology Branch, Ecological Research Division, Environmental Laboratory, U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC), Vicksburg, MS. The study was conducted under the general supervision of Dr. Edwin A. Theriot, Chief, Aquatic Ecology Branch; Dr. Conrad J. Kirby, Chief, Ecological Research Division; and Dr. John Keeley, Acting Director, Environmental Laboratory.

During the publication of this report, Dr. Lewis E. Link was Acting Director of ERDC, and COL Robin R. Cababa, EN, was Commander.

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1 Introduction

Background

Edwards Air Force Base (EAB) is located in the Mojave Desert in southern California near Los Angeles. Terrain on the base of potential value for terrestrial invertebrates and other organisms consists of sand dunes, dry open hills, valleys, dry lakes or playas, smaller claypans, and pools. Vegetation around the playas is saltbush scrub and around the pools and claypans is saltbush scrub, Joshua tree woodlands, cottonwood and willow thickets, and mesquite basque. Playas and most pools are devoid of macrophytes (Branchiopod Research Group 1993). The uplands are composed largely of creosote bush scrub.

EAB personnel are conducting a series of floral and fauna surveys to check for Federally listed endangered or threatened species and to obtain information for a complete resource management plan. Previous surveys have been conducted on tortoises, butterflies, birds, and eubranchipods (including tadpole, clam, and fairy shrimp). Surveys are being done to obtain information on endangered, threatened, and common species to provide data for the proposed habitat management plan.

Desert invertebrates of the western Mojave are highly seasonal and dependent on rain during the winter and spring. In this desert everything depends on water and its availability. Many of the leaf litter species, such as Jerusalem and camel crickets, diplurans, centipedes, and millipedes, occur at the soil surface only during moist months, which are usually between November and March or April. During the rest of the year, they are buried deep within the soil. Other invertebrates, such as butterflies, moths, leaffeeding beetles, and herbivorous flies, follow the availability of their specific food plants and occur only when the plants are either leafing out or in flower. Many bees, wasps, beetles, and flies seem to seasonally follow particular nectar sources. Even though the desert may appear extremely dry during the hottest times of the year, it comes alive with invertebrates at night, such as large tenebrionid beetles, wasps, ants, spiders, scorpions, and solfugids. This behavior is a response to the hot drying effects of the desert sun. Because of the great morphological variation in invertebrates, particularly the insects, they are well adapted to the severe and often unpredictably changing environment of the desert.

The list of invertebrates at EAB is an active one and by no means complete. After the 1997 season over 300 new species were added to the list. Unfortunately, 1997 was a dry year, so this number was lower than expected. The 1998 season seems to have provided a greater number and higher diversity of invertebrates than either 1996 or 1997, due to the higher desert rainfall. The number of new species could be larger since one of the major groups, the Hymenoptera, might be underrepresented due to the difficulty of identifying them. Also specimens of one of the major groups of the Hymenoptera, bees, were lent out for identification and have not yet been returned, so actual names will not be available until these specimens have been examined to determine whether new species are present among them. Many of the bees therefore have been labeled by family and numbered by morphospecies.

Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this study was to conduct a four-season survey of terrestrial macroinvertebrates in major habitats at EAB. Work was conducted in 1996, 1997, and 1998. This report includes data from the 1997 survey.

2 Study Area and Methods

Study Area

Twenty-five localities were chosen to be surveyed in order to cover as much territory and habitats at the base as possible (Figures 1 and 2). Currently, the only region that has not been well-sampled is the eastern quarter of the base. This region is under higher security than other regions. Due to the complexity of arranging escorts for surveys in this region, several areas just outside of the base along the border were selected for the 1998 survey.

Each of these 25 localities of the 1997 season were defined from a central location with a 0.8-km (0.5-mile) radius to form an approximate circular border. These sites are described in Table 1.

Methods

Many of the species in the orders Coleoptera, Hymenoptera, Diptera, Lepidoptera, and Neuroptera have been examined by experts, so these groups were more accurately determined over that of the 1996 collection, and names have been updated. Spiders have also been examined by experts. These new and more accurate determinations will be provided in the final report for the survey.

All of the butterflies were identified by sight, since the author knows this group quite well. The remaining insects were identified to order and then family by the keys of Borror, De Long, and Triplehorn (1981). The insects within each family were organized by morphospecies. Those morphospecies were first identified by matching to previously identified species and morphospecies collected in 1996 at Edwards Air Force Base. The author identified the remaining species by utilizing keys and the Insect Collection at the Entomology Research Museum, Department of Entomology, University of California, Riverside, as described previously (Pratt 1998).

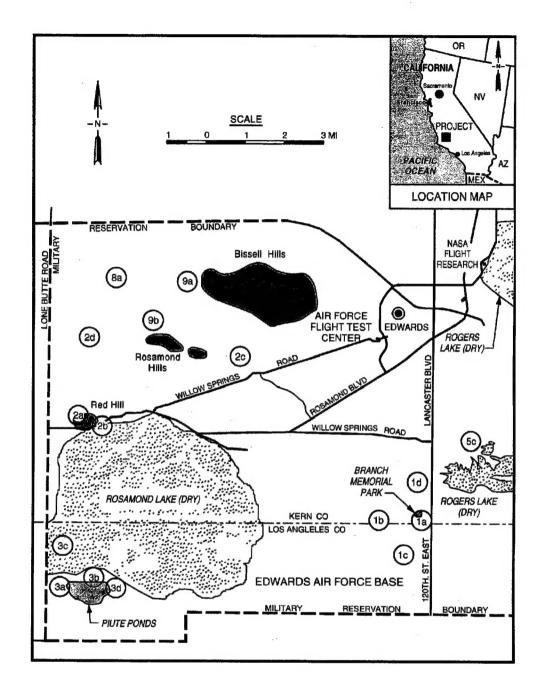


Figure 1. Field sites on EAB west (to convert measurements given in miles to kilometers, multiply by 1.6)

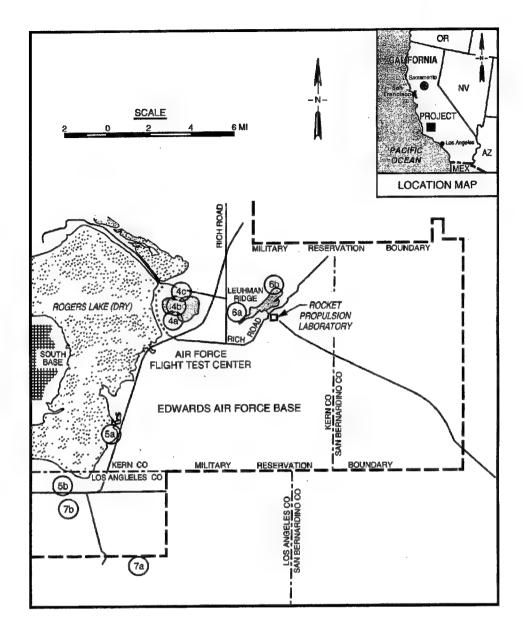


Figure 2. Field sites on EAB east (to convert measurements given in miles to kilometers, multiply by 1.6)

Table 1 Survey Localities				
Locality	Description			
1a	Branch Memorial park, areas around the pond, and the mesquite and cottonwood woodlands just to the north and west			
1b	South end of Buckhorn Dry Lake, just 2 miles west of Branch Memorial park with a number of sand dunes and some mesquite (this locality contains the rare Astragalus preussii)			
1c	2 miles south of Branch Memorial Park with mesquite woodland			
1d	2 miles north of Branch Memorial Park			
2a	Red Hill, the hills just to the west, and the wash to the north			
2b	Northwest end of Rosamond Dry Lake along the old paved road			
2c	East end of Rosamond Hills			
2d	2 miles northwest of Red Hill along Pole Line Road			
За	West side of Piute Ponds			
3b	North side of Piute Ponds			
3c	1.5 miles north-northwest of Piute Ponds			
3d	East side of Piute Ponds			
4a	About 1 miles north of Mercury Boulevard and 1 mile east of Rogers Dry Lake			
4b	Near 4a on the peaks of the northeast side of Rogers Dry Lake			
4c	1.5 miles northeast of the peaks			
5a	Sand dunes 2.5 miles north of Avenue B on the west side of Mercury Boulevard			
5b	Mesquite woodland just north of Avenue B just west of the intersection with 140th Street			
5c	West side of the sewage ponds on the west side of Rogers Dry Lake			
6a	1 mile north of Leuhman Ridge			
6b	Hill area on the northeast side of Leuhman Ridge			
7a	Just off base along the fence line directly south of Rogers Dry Lake (end of 165th Street)			
7b	Area on the west side of 140th Street and south of B Street, which contains mesquite woodland			
8a	Northwest corner of Edwards Air Force Base along Sopp Road 1 mile east of Pole Line Road			
9a	Western side of Bissell Hills			
9b	Western end of the Rosamond Hills			

The Neuroptera (antlions and lacewings) were identified by Dr. Norm Penny at the California Academy of Sciences, Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, CA. The Odonata (dragonflies and damselflies) were identified by Dr. Rosser Garrison, Entomologist for Los Angeles County. The Macrolepidoptera (other than butterflies) were identified to species by Mr. Ron Leushner, Los Angeles County Natural History Museum. The Microlepidoptera were identified either to family, genus, or species by Dr. Jerry Powell, University of California at Berkeley. The Scarabaeidae of the Coleoptera were identified to species by Dr. Arthur Evans, Los Angeles County Natural History Museum. The Buprestidae of the Coleoptera were identified by Mr. Rob Velton, University of California at Riverside. The Meloidae of the Coleoptera were identified by Dr. John Pinto, University of California at Riverside. The Assilidae and Mydidae of the Diptera were identified by Mr. Dave Williams and Mr. Rick Viegas, University of California at Riverside Entomology Museum. The spiders were identified by Mrs. Richard Vetter, University of California at Riverside.

Some of the invertebrate identifications will be incorrect. Certainly the reliability will depend on the level of expertise of the identifier of that group. Identifications of the Lepidoptera, Neuroptera, and much of the Coleoptera for this reason are probably most reliable. The reliability of the identifications of those groups which the author identified and was least comfortable with may be somewhat questionable. Those groups, such as the grasshoppers, the genera of flies, and the ants, were identified by the author aided by various keys (Strohecker, Middlekauff, and Rentz 1968; McAlpine et al. 1981; Wheeler and Wheeler 1973). The advantage of identifying species to names, rather than just morpospecies, even though they may be incorrect, is that their identification gives some information on size, color, and general morphology of the specimens. But the most important factor for this study is not whether the identification is correct down to the species level, but whether the identification is consistent to morphospecies from one specimen to the next.

3 Results

Background

There were 769 invertebrates collected at EAB during the 1997 field season. Of these 769 species, nearly 40 percent (297) were new to this survey (Table 2), giving a grand total for the base of 1,270 species. As in last year's survey, over 80 percent of these invertebrates belonged to the four major orders: Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, and Hymenoptera, whereas over 95 percent were of the eight major orders, which included in addition Orthoptera, Homoptera, Hemiptera, and Neuroptera. There were only slight differences between 1996 and 1997 in the percent totals of most invertebrates. These changes can be explained in part by changes in focus. For instance, since an expert in Macrolepidoptera was acquired for this study, there was an increase in the collecting of nocturnal Lepidoptera. This explains the highest number of new species (90) being Lepidoptera (Table 2). The next highest were Coleoptera (59), Diptera (54), Hymenoptera (43), and then Hemiptera (18).

One other group exhibited a high increase in diversity and new species. This was the spiders. Fifteen species of the 23 total spiders collected in 1997 were new. This number nearly doubled the record for spiders for the previous year. This increase was due to an increased search for spiders since it was a group that the author could also now have identified through an expert.

Distribution

Not all collecting sites visited in 1997 were comparable, since different factors seem to affect total number of species present. For example, of these 25 localities of the 1997 survey, only two sites, 1a and 3b, had more than 200 total invertebrate species collected, 455 and 347, respectively (Table 3, Appendix A). Both of these sites had bodies of permanent water and were surveyed over a 2-year period and for nocturnal invertebrates by mercury-vapor light. The next highest groups were sites 2c, 4a, and 5a (175-199), which were surveyed for nocturnal invertebrates as well as over a 2-year period. The group that was surveyed for nocturnal insects over a

Table 2 The Numbers of Invertebrate Species on Edwards Air Force Base, 1997

Species	1997 Total	New Species	Percent Total ¹	1996 Total	Grand Total	Percent Total
Spiders	23	15	2.0	19	34	2.7
Scorpions	1	0	0.0	1	1	0.1
Solpugids	1	1	0.1	0	1	0.1
Centipedes	1	1	0.1	0	1	0.1
Millipedes	2	1	0.1	1	2	0.2
Diplura	1	1	0.1	0	1	0.1
Thysanura	0	0	0.0	2	2	0.2
Ephemeroptera	1	0	0.0	1	1	0.1
Odonata	3	O	0.0	11	11	0.9
Orthoptera	26	2	0.3	41	43	3.4
Isoptera	0	0	0.0	1	1	0.1
Dermaptera	0	0	0.0	1	1	0.1
Psocoptera	1	1	0.1	0	1	0.1
Homoptera	31	11	1.4	34	45	3.5
Hemiptera	45	18	2.3	56	74	5.8
Thysanoptera	O	0	0.0	2	2	0.2
Neuroptera	10	0	0.0	20	20	1.6
Coleoptera	138	59	7.7	154	213	16.8
Trichoptera	1	0	0.0	4	4	0.3
Lepidoptera	151	90	11.7	135	225	17.7
Diptera	150	54	7.0	214	267	21.1
Hymenoptera	183	43	5.6	276	319	25.2
Total	769	297	38.6	973	1,270	

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Note: Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, and Hymenoptera = 80.8%
Orthoptera, Homoptera, Hemiptera, Neutroptera, Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, and Hymenoptera = 95.1%

Calculated as a percent of the new species (found in 1997) collected.

Table 3 Total and Endemic Species per Locality, Edwards Air Force Base, 1997

		То	tals		Total Endemics ¹			
					Núi	mber	Percentage	
Locality	1996	1997	New	Grand	1996	1997	1996	Total
1a ²	362	172	93	455	98	104	27.1	22.9
1b	75	26	16	91	12	9	16.0	9.8
1c	64	1	1	65	17	12	26.6	18.5
1d	nt	30	nt	30	nt	4	nt	13.3
2a	118	23	16	134	18	19	15.3	14.2
2b	67	4	2	69	9	9	13.4	13.0
2c ²	134	74	54	188	43	50	32.1	26.6
2d	nt	25	nt	25	nt	1	nt	4.0
3a	137	76	39	176	23	33	16.8	18.8
3b ²	293	154	54	347	103	102	35.2	29.4
3c	89	4	2	91	13	12	14.6	13.2
3d	nt	30	nt	30	nt	4	nt	13.3
4a ²	143	55	32	175	29	36	20.3	20.6
4b	55	17	10	65	8	12	14.5	18.5
4c	101	13	7	108	15	12	14.9	11.1
5a ²	195	9	4	199	46	34	23.6	17.1
5b	138	8	4	142	28	24	20.3	16.9
5c	100	4	1	101	16	14	16.0	13.9
6a ²	nt	146	nt	146	nt	26	nt	17.8
6b	nt	27	nt	27	nt	3	nt	11.1
7a ²	nt	174	nt	174	nt	28	nt	16.1
7b	nt	90	nt	90	nt	12	nt	13.3
8a ²	nt	160	nt	160	nt	23	nt	14.4
9a ²	nt	171	nt	171	nt	23	nt	13.4
96	nt	21	nt	21	nt	- 0	nt	0.0

The number of those species found only in that locality.
 Localities where night collecting by mercury-vapor light was done.
 Note: nt = Data not taken for 1996.

1-year period was next highest (146-174). The lowest group, with some overlap, included sites that were surveyed only for diurnal insects for the 1997 season (21-90).

Water plays an important factor in numbers of species, since those for sites 1a and 3b were nearly double those of the other sites. Site 5c was an exception, since it has permanent water, yet had only 101 species present. Plants adapted to these bodies of water probably play a very large role, since there are no willows and cottonwoods and other mesic adapted plants at the sewage ponds on the southwest side of Rogers Dry Lake (site 5c). Two other factors play an important role in number of species present:

(a) presence of mesquite woodland and (b) sand dunes. Species richness appears to be very high in mesquite woodland, and unique species appear to be high in sand dunes.

At least two basic criteria are important in determining the quality of an area and its value for preservation: the total number of species and the number of endangered organisms at the site. Certainly, determining the total number of invertebrate species in an area is not as difficult as determining the number of those that are endangered. California desert invertebrates are poorly known, and EAB is no exception. For this reason, very uncommon invertebrates that are not formally recognized as such on a State or Federal list are not easily recognized or identified and might even lack previous descriptions or names. Most California endangered invertebrates share one biogeographic characteristic: they exhibit restricted localized ranges; they are endemic to very small areas. The next best thing, therefore, would be to identify species that exhibit restricted ranges or occur only at one or two very similar localities within EAB. This will give some indication of the uniqueness of the habitat or site in question.

The species that exhibit restricted ranges (here called endemics) on EAB, i.e., unique species found only at one locality (Table 3, Appendix A), fall into two categories. One type is species with actual restricted ranges, and the other type is rare species with wide ranges that were not encountered at the other localities simply because they were rare. The first type denotes true endemics, while the second type is identified as unique to the locality due simply to sampling bias. Since such rare species exhibit wide ranges, their frequencies should be relatively constant from one locality to the next. Therefore, the number of endemics should be the total number of unique species at a locality minus a relatively constant frequency of rare species. Unfortunately, the constant frequency of rare species is not known, so the next best thing will be the number of unique species to a locality. With increased surveys over time, rare species should be encountered at multiple localities. Eventually the number of unique species will equal to the true endemics or the species with restricted ranges on base.

Unfortunately, some of the endemics with restricted ranges on base will be overlooked by this method. One reason will be that the sampling methods employed here simply do not obtain the species. There are many

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nocturnal invertebrates that are not attracted to lights, many species with very short adult life spans, many that are too small for accurate identification, and many that are small and wingless. On the other hand, there are species that will be collected and not determined to be endemics or unique species, since they occur in more than one locality. The tiger beetles provide a good example. They are probably best thought of as endemics, since they are adapted to the salt flats around Piute Ponds; for this reason, these beetles were collected in localities 3a, 3b, and 3d. Another less dramatic example with a restricted range on base is *Apodemia palmeri*. This butterfly feeds specifically on *Prosopis glandulosa* and has a restricted range on base, but the plant is found at localities 1a, 1c, 5b, and 7b, which are all relatively close to one another. Since this species has been found at localities 1a, 1c, and 5b, it is by the selection method not considered an endemic.

As expected, the percent of total endemics dropped for most localities. Of the 15 localities surveyed during 1997, 12 had lower percent totals and only 3 exhibited higher totals (Table 3, Appendix A). One of these three, site 4a was only slightly higher, 20.3 percent versus 20.6 percent, while the other two, sites 3a and 4b, were 2 and 4 percent higher, respectively. It is not surprising for numbers at site 3a to have increased, since the area has much permanent water and is high in number of plant species unique to EAB, but the explanation for site 4b is not clear. In spite of the drop in percent endemics for all sites, their order in percent remained similar from one year to the next. For the five sites surveyed by mercury-vapor light, site 3b (north Piute Ponds) exhibited the largest percent endemics, site 2c was next, site 1a next, site 4a next, and site 5a last. Of these five sites, only site 5a fell below 20 percent and within the range of the other sites that were not nocturnally surveyed.

Toxic and Noxious Invertebrates

These were discussed in the 1996 survey (Pratt 1998). There are two spiders, at least two scorpions, a number of wasps, a number of biting flies, and probably at least one true bug. The two spiders are the black widow (Latrodectus hesperus) and the desert recluse (Loxosceles deserta). These two species can be avoided by wearing gloves when turning trash, rocks, logs, etc. The scorpions are nocturnal, so they can be avoided by wearing shoes at night and wearing gloves when turning over objects on the ground where they could be hiding. Most of the scorpions have only a mild sting and are not highly poisonous. The bug, which would be a Triatoma species, called a kissing bug (because it prefers to bite people on the lips), is a nocturnal bloodsucking insect that largely feeds on pack rats (Neotoma sp.). The flies belong to the families horseflies (Tabanidae), no-see-ums (Ceratopoginidae), mosquitoes (Culicidae), and black flies (Simuliidae). Most of these can be avoided by keeping clear of permanent water sources such as Piute Ponds and Branch Memorial Park. A number of the bees and wasps that occur on base can sting under certain conditions. Generally they can be avoided by staying clear of flowering bushes.

4 Discussion

A number of new and unique invertebrate species were found at the base during 1997. The Japygids and millipedes were largely collected during midwinter when the temperatures were cool and moist. Three Gryllacrididae were new for the base: one is a Ceuthophilus (camel cricket), another an Ammobaenetes (sand treader), and the third a Stenoplematus (Jerusalem cricket). The Enchenopa permutata (Membracidae) specimen found around the northwest corner of base may be a range extension for the species. The Phymatid, Macrocephalus cimicoides, is not common in the Mojave Desert. The author has not seen this species before. The family Phengodidae, of which Zarhipis integripennis is a member, was collected on base and is usually considered uncommon to rare. The Euphilotes bernardino, although common along the desert edge, is not well known for the western Mojave. The larvae of this species feed specifically on the flowers and seeds of the California buckwheat, Eriogonum fasciculatum. This butterfly was searched for over the past 3 years and was thought to be absent from the base. It was eventually found at two localities, one west of Red Hill and the other along the south end of the base. The Apodemia mormo near virgulti has been previously recorded only along the desert edge above the 914-m- (3,000-ft-) elevation. The Red Hill localities are a major range extension for the species. A new species of Assilidae was collected from the base, a Cerotainiops at site 7b. These have been collected both in 1996 and 1997. The Asteiidae, of which Astiosoma aridum is one, are thought of as very rare flies. An unusual wingless tipulid, Dactylolabis vestigipennis (or damula) was collected in the sand dunes on the eastern end of the Rosamond Hills. A few Gasteruption nevadae, which are also considered quite rare, were collected at site 7a on the southern edge of base.

Certainly it will be interesting to see whether the strong differences in species diversity are more strongly correlated with differentiation of locality or seasonal conditions. Around 40 percent of the species collected this year were new, despite the eventual low seasonal rainfall. The 1998 season provided a much higher precipitation. It will be interesting to determine if there will be more new species at localities that were surveyed last year or more new species localities not surveyed the previous year. These differences may be important for determining how to survey for new invertebrates on base in future years. It could be, for instance, more important to concentrate surveys on just a few sites that are diverse with different

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habitats or cover as many sites as possible. Certainly, the highest diversities are found around areas of large bodies of permanent water. These areas, such as Branch Memorial Park and Piute Ponds, should be concentrated upon if only a few localities are chosen. There are many new species that are not being covered by this study. These groups are mainly the microhymenoptera and gallforming insects. New invertebrates not observed by any other means were collected by pitfall traps.

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Appendix A List of Invertebrates at Edwards Air Force Base from November 1996 through December 1997 by Locality and Date

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities ¹	<u>Date</u>
		<u>Spiders</u>	<u> </u>	
	Araneida	10		
	Alancida	*Neoscoma oaxacensis	3a	Jun 3
	Dictynida			
	Dietyma	*Dictyna palomara	1a-b	Sep 6-Oct 20
		*Tricholathys monterea	3a	Jun 3
	Gnaphos	-		
		*Drassyllus insularis	3a	Jun 3
		*Drassyllus fractus	6a	Jun 13
		*Gnaphosa synthetica	3a	Jun 3
		*Scopoides naturalisticum	9a	Aug 2
	Mimetida	ae		
		Mimetus hesperus	3b	Aug 11
	Oxyopida	ae		
	_	*Oxyopes tridens	7a, 8a	May 7-13
	Philodro	midae		
		*Philodromus infuscatus	3d	Apr 22
		*Thanatus altimontis	3a	Jun 3
		Tibellus chamberlini	3a	Sep 1
	Pholcida	e		
		Psilochorus sp.	3a	Feb 26
	Salticida	e		
		Habronattus signatus	1b, 7b, 9a	Aug 29-Sep 20
		Pseudicius siticulosus	3b	Sep 21

Note: Species preceded by asterisk are additions to list.

¹ See Table 1 (main text) for description of locality.

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
	Sicariidae			
		Loxosceles deserta	2a, 6a, 7a	Jan. 29-Oct 12
	Theridiida			
		*Dipoena abdita	5b	Jun 26
		Euryopis californica	5b, 6a	Jun 13-26
		Latrodectus hesperus	2a, 5b	May 15-Jun 3
		*Steatoda fulva	2a, 7a	May 7-Jun 3
	Thomisida		2 5	7 0 4 00
		*Misumenops deserti	3a, 7b	Jun 3-Aug 29
		*Misumenops importunus	1a, 3b	Sep 6-21
		*Xysticus aprilinus	6a	Oct 5
		Scorpions		
		771	<i>(</i> .	4
		Hadrurus sp.	ба	Aug 22
		Colmunidae		
		<u>Solpugidae</u>		
		Species 1	3b	Jun 2
		<u>Centipedes</u>		
		Species 1	2a	Jan 29
		<u>Millipedes</u>		
		Orthoporus sp.	2a	Jan 29
		*Species 1	2a	Jan 29
		Inconto		
		<u>Insecta</u>		
Dipluran				
Dipidian	Japygidae			
	Japygidac	*Species 1	2a	Jan 29
Ephemeropter	- 9	Species 1	24	Jan 29
	Baetidae		•	
		Baetis species	1a	Sep 6
Odonata				· r
	Libellulida	ne		
		Tramea onusta	6a	Jun 13
		Sympetrum corruptum	7b	Oct 12
	Coenagrio			
		Enallagma carunculatum	1a, 3a-b, 3d, 7b, 8a	Aug 11-Sep 21

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	Localities	<u>Date</u>
Orthoptera				
-	Acrididae			
		Anconia integra	1d, 6a	Apr 8-Aug 22
		Bootettix argentatus	6a, 9a	Aug 2-22
		Chimarocephala californica	3a	Sep 21
		Cibolacris parviceps	6a	May 3-Jun 13
		Cordillacris occipitalis	6a, 8a, 9a	May 2-Aug 22
		Hesperotettix viridis	8a	Jul 16
		Ligurotettix coquilleti	7a	Aug 29
		Melanoplus cinereus	8a	Jul 16
		Poecilotettix sanguineus	9a	Aug 2
		Psoloessa delicatula	7b	Jun 29
		Trimerotropis californica	1a, 8a, 9a	Jul 16-Sep 6
		Trimerotropis pallidipennis	1a, 3a, 3d, 6a, 6b, 7a	Apr 8-Oct 5
		Trimerotropis pseudofasciata	3a, 3b, 7b, 8a, 9a	May 7-Oct12
		Trimerotropis rebellis	6b, 8a, 9a	May 22-Aug 2
	Gryllacrid	_	•	
	J	Ceuthophilus n. sp.	6a	May 2
		Ammobaenetes n. sp.	6a	May 2
		Stenoplematus n. sp.	1a	Feb 12
	Gryllidae			
		*Oecanthus californicus	3b	Sep 21
		Gryllus assimilis	1a, 3a, 6a, 7a, 9a	May 7-Sep 21
	Tettigonii	dae		
	•	Ateloplus luteus	8a	Jul 16
		Capnobotes fuliginosus	7a	Jun 29
		Neduba ovata	7a	May 7
Dictyoptera				
• •	Mantidae			
		*Iris orata	3a	Aug 11-Sep 21
		Stagmomantis californica	7a, 8a, 9a	Aug 29-Sep 20
	Polyphagi	dae		
	• • •	Arenivaga apache	7a, 9a	Aug 29-Sep 20
		Eremoblatta subdiaphana	6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Aug 2-Sep 20
Psocoptera				
-	Trogiidae			
		*Species 1	3d	Sep 21
Homoptera				
•	Acanaloni	idae		
		*Species 1	8a	Sep 14
	Aphididae			
	-	Species 1	6a, 9a	Sep 20-Oct 5
	Cicadellid	-		
		Aceratogallia californica	1b, 3a, 3b, 7b, 8a	Feb 26-Nov 27
		Acinopterus sp.	1a	Apr 8
		Ballana sp.	1a	Apr 6
		Empoasca fabae	1a	Sep 6

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		Norvellina sp.	7a	Jun 29-Aug 29
		Opsus stactogalus	1a, 1d, 3b, 3d, 8a	Apr 11-Oct 20
		Scaphytopius irroratus	1d, 2d, 6b, 7a, 8a	Aug 22-Oct 12
		Texananus oregonus	7a	Jun 29
		Texananus sp.	8a	Sep 14
		Xerophloea peltata	1d	Oct 20
		Species 4	2d, 8a	Sep 14
		Species 6	6a, 8a	Jul 16-Sep 14
		*Species 7	3d, 4b, 6a, 7b	Apr 22-Nov 1
		*Species 8	8a	Sep 14
		*Species 9	1a, 7a	May 7-Sep 6
		*Species 10	4a	Mar 5
		*Species 11	1a	Aug 6
		*Species 12	4c	Jul 5
		*Species 13	5a	May 15
	Cixiidae	-1		171119 10
		Species 1	3a	Sep 21
	Delphacid	-		F
	•	Delphacodes sp.	3a	Sep 21
	Dictyopha	•		
	• •	Species 1	9a	Sep 20
		Species 2	8a	Sep 14
	Flatidae	-		•
		Ormenis saucia	7a, 8a	Aug 29-Sep 14
	Membraci	dae		
		*Enchenopa permutata	8a	Jul 16
		*Micrutalis sp.	6a, 7b	Jun 29-Aug 22
		Multareoides bifurcatus	3d, 6a, 7a, 7b, 8a, 9a	May 22-Oct 12
		Multareis cornutus	6a-b, 7a-b, 8a, 9a-b	May 3-Sep 14
	Psyllidae			-
		Species 1	7a	Aug 29
Hemiptera				
	Anthocori			
		Orius tristicolor	1a-b, 5b, 6a-b, 7a-b, 8a, 9a-b	Jul 16-Nov 8
		*Species 2	9a	Sep 20
	Corixidae			_
		Corisella decolor	1a, 3a-b, 6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Apr 11-Sep 21
	Cydnidae			
		Pangaeus congruus	2c	Mar 27
	Largidae			
		*Largus californica	1a, 7b	Oct 12-20
	Lygaeidae			
		Embethis vicarius	9a	Aug 2
		Geocoris pallens	1a, 1d, 6a-b, 7a, 8a, 9a	Apr 8-Oct 20
		Hadronema princeps	1a, 2c, 9a	Mar 25-Apr 8
		Lopidea confraterna	3a, 6a-b	May 3-Sep 21

Phytocoris sp. 1 2c Mar 25 Phytocoris sp. 2 1b Oct 20 Rhinocloa forticornis 1b, 1d, 2b Sep 6-Oct 20 *Species 5 6b Oct 5 *Species 6 6a, 8a, 7b, 9a Aug 29-Oct 5 *Species 7 6a Oct 5 *Species 8 2a, 7a Jan 29-Oct 12 *Species 9 7a Oct 12 *Species 10 9a Sep 20 *Species 11 8a Sep 14 *Species 12 7b Aug 29 *Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Aug 49 Sep 14-20 Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 May 2-Oct 12 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3	<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
Neacoryphus lateralis			Lvgaeas kalmii	8a	May 13
Nysius tenellus				8a, 9a	Jul 16-Sep 20
Parthenicus picicollia Fabra Fab					May 2-Oct 20
Parthenicus picicollia Taylorilgus pallidulus 1a, 1d, 3a-b, 3d, 6a-b, Apr 11-Oct 5 7a-b, 8a, 9a *Species 1			- 3		•
Taylorilgus pallidulus			Parthenicus picicollia		Sep 20-Oct 12
*Species 1 1d Oct 20 *Species 2 1a-b, 2b, 3b, 6b Apr 8-Oct 20 Miridae Irbisia species 1			-		Apr 11-Oct 5
*Species 1 1d Oct 20 *Species 2 1a-b, 2b, 3b, 6b Apr 8-Oct 20 Miridae Irbisia species 1 9a Mar 25 Phytocorus albidopictus 8a May 13 Phytocoris sp. 1 2c Mar 25 Phytocoris sp. 2 1b Oct 20 *Rhinocloa forticornis 1b, 1d, 2b Sep 6-Oct 20 *Species 5 6b Oct 5 *Species 6 6a, 8a, 7b, 9a Aug 29-Oct 5 *Species 7 6a Oct 5 *Species 8 2a, 7a Jan 29-Oct 12 *Species 9 7a Oct 12 *Species 10 9a Sep 20 *Species 11 8a Sep 20 *Species 11 8a Sep 14 *Species 12 7b Aug 29 *Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			8 1		•
*Species 2			*Species 1		Oct 20
Miridae Irbisia species 1			*	1a-b, 2b, 3b, 6b	Apr 8-Oct 20
Irbisia species 1 9a Mar 25 Phytocorus albidopictus 8a May 13 Phytocoris ramosus 2c, 6a-b, 7a, 9b Mar 25-Oct 12 Phytocoris sp. 1 2c Mar 25 Phytocoris sp. 2 1b Oct 20 Rhinocloa forticornis 1b, 1d, 2b Sep 6-Oct 20 Ct 5 Species 5 6b Oct 5 Species 6 6a, 8a, 7b, 9a Aug 29-Oct 5 Species 8 2a, 7a Jan 29-Oct 12 Species 9 7a Oct 12 Species 10 9a Sep 20 Species 11 8a Sep 14 Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Sep 14-20 Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Sep 14-20 Species 13 Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Sep 14 Species 10 Species 10 Species 10 Species 11 Species 12 7b Aug 29 Sep 14-20 Species 13 Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Sep 14-20 Sep 14-20 Sep 14-20 Species 13 Species 13 Species 14 Species 15 Species		Miridae	- F	, , ,	•
Phytocorus albidopictus		21	Irbisia species 1	9a	Mar 25
Phytocoris ramosus 2c, 6a-b, 7a, 9b Mar 25-Oct 12			_		May 13
Phytocoris sp. 1			_	2c, 6a-b, 7a, 9b	Mar 25-Oct 12
### Phytocoris sp. 2					Mar 25
Rhinocloa forticornis			-		Oct 20
*Species 5			_		Sep 6-Oct 20
*Species 6 6a, 8a, 7b, 9a Aug 29-Oct 5 *Species 7 6a Oct 5 *Species 8 2a, 7a Jan 29-Oct 12 *Species 9 7a Oct 12 *Species 10 9a Sep 20 *Species 11 8a Sep 14 *Species 12 7b Aug 29 *Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			•		_
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*Species 8			-		
*Species 9 7a Oct 12 *Species 10 9a Sep 20 *Species 11 8a Sep 14 *Species 12 7b Aug 29 *Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21				2a, 7a	Jan 29-Oct 12
*Species 10 9a Sep 20 *Species 11 8a Sep 14 *Species 12 7b Aug 29 *Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			-		Oct 12
*Species 11			•		
*Species 12 7b Aug 29 *Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			-		_
*Species 13 2d, 9a Sep 14-20 Nabidae Nabis americoferus 1a Aug 6 Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi Dendrocoris contaminatus Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 5inea complexa Sinea diadema Sinea diadema Sinea diadema Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			•		-
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Nabis americoferus Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi Dendrocoris contaminatus Thyanta custator *Macrocephalus cimicoides *Macrocephalus cimicoides *Apiomerus sp. *Sinea complexa Sinea diadema Sinea diadema Zelus renardii Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae *Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a Aug 6 May 13-Oct 20 Aug 29-Sep 20 May 2-Oct 12 Sep 20 Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Aug 29-Sep 21 Aug 29-Sep 21		Nabidae		•	•
Pentatomidae Chlorochroa sayi 1b, 1d, 8a May 13-Oct 20 Dendrocoris contaminatus 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a May 2-Oct 12 Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			Nabis americoferus	1a	Aug 6
Dendrocoris contaminatus Thyanta custator *Macrocephalus cimicoides *Macrocephalus cimicoides *Apiomerus sp. *Sinea complexa Sinea diadema Zelus renardii *Aufeius impressocollia Aufeius lateralis 2d, 6a, 7a, 9a Sep 20 May 2-Oct 12 Sep 14 Phymatidae *Apotomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 Jun 6 Sep 21 Zepus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Aug 29-Sep 21		Pentatom			_
Dendrocoris contaminatus Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis			Chlorochroa sayi	1b, 1d, 8a	May 13-Oct 20
Thyanta custator 8a Sep 14 Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			-		May 2-Oct 12
Phymatidae *Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			Thyanta custator		Sep 14
*Macrocephalus cimicoides 9a Sep 20 Reduvidae *Apiomerus sp. 6b, 7a, 8a May 3-13 *Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21		Phymatid	•		_
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*Sinea complexa 1a Jun 6 Sinea diadema 3a Sep 21 Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21		Reduvida	-		
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Zelus renardii 3a, 3d, 6a Aug 29-Sep 21 Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21				1a	Jun 6
Rhopalidae Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			Sinea diadema	3a	Sep 21
Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21			Zelus renardii	3a, 3d, 6a	Aug 29-Sep 21
Aufeius impressocollia 1a, 7b Aug 29-Sep 6 Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21		Rhopalid	ae		
Arhyssus lateralis 1a, 3a, 3d, 6a May 2-Sep 21		•		1a, 7b	Aug 29-Sep 6
				1a, 3a, 3d, 6a	May 2-Sep 21
*Species 1 30 Apr 11			*Species 1	3b	Apr 11
Saldidae		Saldidae	-		
Saldula pallipea 3a Nov 20			Saldula pallipea	3a	Nov 20
Tingidae		Tingidae			
Corythucha morrilla 1b, 2d, 3a, 8a, 9a Sep 6-21		_		1b, 2d, 3a, 8a, 9a	Sep 6-21

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
Neuroptera				
-	Hemerobi	idae		
		Micromus variolosus	9a	Sep 20
	Chrysopid	lae		
		Chrysoperla plorabunda	1a, 3a-b	Apr 11-Sep 21
		Eremochrysopa tiabialis	9a	Sep 20
	Myrmeleo			
		Brachynemuris sackeni	1d, 6a	Apr 8-Oct5
		Scotoleon carrizonus	7a, 9a	Aug 29-Sep 20
		Scotoleon fidelitus	3a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Aug 29-Sep 21
		Scotoleon longipalpus	6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Jul 16-Sep 20
		Scotoleon minusculus	7b	Aug 29
		Scotoleon pallidus	6a, 8a, 9a	Aug 2-Sep20
		Scotoleon singularis	1a, 7b	Aug 29-Sep6
Coleoptera				
	Anobiidae			
		Xeranobium laticeps	8a	Jun 6
		*Species 4	2c, 6a, 7a	Mar 25-May 7
	Anthicida			
		Anthicus punctulatus	9a	Aug 2
		Species 1	3b, 7a	Jun 2-Aug 29
		*Species 2	7a	May 7
	Bostrichid			
		*Apatides fortis	1a	Sep 6
	70 111	*Scobicia sp.	1a	Aug 6-Sep 25
	Bruchidae		1 7	3
	Dunmartid	Algarobius prosopis	1a, 7b	May 7-Oct 20
	Buprestida		70	M7
		Acmaeodera lanata *Acmaeodera lucia	7a	May 7
			9a	May 22
		*Acmaeodera quadrivittata *Acmaeodera sphaeralceae	6a	Aug 22
		*Anambodera santarosae	8a 6a	May 13
		*Agrilus blandus	0a 2c	May 2
		*Agrilus gibbicollis	26 1b	May 22
		*Chrysobothris atriplexae	7b	May 22 May 7
		*Chrysobothris deserta	8a	Jul 16
		*Chrysobothris lucana	9a	
		*Chrysobothris pupureoplagiata	7a	Aug 2 May 7
		Hippomela obliterata	7a-b	Aug 29
		Hippomela fulgida	7a-0 7b	Aug 29 Aug 29
	Carabidae		70	Aug 27
		Agonum funebre	3a	Feb 26
		Armaria insignis	1a, 2a, 2c, 3b, 9a	Jan 29-Nov 20
		Bembidion bifossulatum	3a-b	Feb 26-Apr 11
		Bembidion variegatum	3a	Feb 26-Aug 29
		*Bembidion sp.	1a	Aug 6
		1		

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		*Callisthenes lariversi	2a	Jan 29
		*Calosoma peregrinator	2c	Mar 25
		*Feronia isabellae	3b	Nov 20
		Harpalus lascivus	3a	Feb 26-Sep 21
		*Stenolophus flavipes	3b	Apr 11
		*Tetragonoderus pallidus	1a	Apr 8
		Species 3	3a	Feb 26
	Cerambyo	-		
		*Aneflormorpha sp.	6a	Aug 22
		Crossidius suturalis	3b	Aug 11
		Derobrachus geminatus	8a	Jul 16
	Chrysome	lidae		
	•	*Acalymma trivittata	1a	Sep 15
		Altica carinata	7 b	May 7
		Chaetocnema ectypa	1a	Sep 6
		Diabrotica undecimpunctata	1a, 3b	Sep 15-21
		*Neochlamisus sp.	8a	Sep 14
		Pachybrachys desertus	6a, 7a-b, 8a, 9a	Aug 22-Oct 12
		Phyllotreta sp.	1d, 9a	Sep 20-Oct 20
		*Saxinus saucia californica	4c, 9b	May 13-Jul 5
		*Stenopodius sp.	9a	May 22
		Species 2	1b, 2d, 8a, 7b, 9a	May 13-Sep 20
	Cicindelid			
		Cicindela haemarrhagica	3b	Aug 11
		Cicindela tranquebarrica	3d	Sep 21
		Cicindela willstoni	3b	Apr 22-Jun 2
	Cleridae		~	A 20
		Cymatodera oblita	7a	Aug 29
		Cymatodera punctata	9a	Aug 2
		Phyllbaenus scaber	6a, 9a-b	May 2-Aug 2 May 2-13
	c	Trichodes ornatus	2d, 6a	Way 2-13
	Coccinelli		8a	Jul 16
		*Brumoides septentrionis Coccinella novemnotata	2c, 3b, 3d, 8a, 9b	Mar 25-Sep 21
		Hippodamia convergens	3b, 6a, 8a	Apr 22-Jul 16
		Olla v-nigrum	3b, 7a	May 7-Sep 21
		*Species 1	6a	May 2-Aug 22
		*Species 2	3d, 8a	Sep 14-21
		*Species 3	3a-b	Sep 21
	Curculion	-		
	Curcumon	*Anthonomus sp.	1b, 8a, 9a	Sep 6-20
		Apleurus angularis	7b	Aug 29
		Ophryastes argentatus	7a-b	Jun 29-Aug 29
		*Ophryastes geminatus	1a	Jan 13
		Sibia setosus	1a	Sep 6
		*Species 1	9a	May 22
		*Species 2	9a	Sep 20
		-r		-

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	<u>Localities</u>	<u>Date</u>
	Dermestic	lae		
		Anthrenus lepidus	1a, 1d	Apr 8
		Attagenus rutipennis	2c, 9b	May 13-22
		Cryptorhopalus apicale	7a, 8a	May 7-13
		Dermestes marmoratus	9a	Aug 2
		*Species 1	2c, 7a, 9a-b	May 7-Jul 16
	Dytiscidae	_	20, 74, 74 0	141ay /-3u1 10
	J	*Copelatus chevrolati	3b	Apr 11
	Elateridae			
		*Conoderus falli	1a	Aug 6
		*Horistonotus pallidus	7a, 8a, 9a	Jun 29-Aug 2
		*Horistonotus fidelis	5a	May 15
		Octinodes frater	7a, 8a	May 7-13
	Helodidae	•		1,149 , 10
		Cyphon variabilis	3b	Apr 11
	Heterocer	idae		.
		Heterocerus gnatho	3b, 7a	Apr 11-Aug 29
	Hydrophi	lidae	·	1
		Berosus sp.	3b, 7a	Apr 11-May 7
		*Enochrus sp.	1a, 6a, 7a	Aug 22-Sep 6
		Hydrophilus triangularis	3b	Aug 11
		*Species 1	9a	Sep 20
	Meloidae			•
		Cordylospasta opaca	2c	Mar 25
		Lytta auriculata	1a	Apr 8
		Lytta stygica	2c, 9a	Mar 25
	Melyridae	:		
		Atalus oregonensis	2c-d, 6a, 7a-b, 8a, 9b	May 7-Jul 16
		Atalus difficilis	4b	Sep 18
		Atalus sp. 1	8a	Jul 16
		Atalus sp. 2	7a	Jun 29
		Tanaops lobulatus	2c	May 22
		Species 4	1a, 1d, 6a, 7a-b8a, 9a-b	Mar 25-May 13
		Species 5	6a, 7a-b, 9b	May 2-13
		Species 6	8a	Jul 16
		Species 7	4a	Mar 5
		Species 8	4a-b, 6a, 8a	Mar 5-May 2
	Mordellidae Mordella albosutura Nitidulidae Species 1			·
			2d, 6b, 7a-b	May 3-13
			6a, 9a	Aug 2-22
	Oedemeric			
		*Oxacis sp.	1a, 9a	Apr 8-Aug 2
		Rhinoplatia ruficollis	6a	May 3
	Phengodid			
		*Zarhipis integripennis	2c	Mar 25

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	<u>Localities</u>	<u>Date</u>
	Scarabaei	dae		
		Aphodius lividus	1a, 7a, 9a	Aug 29-Sep 20
		*Coenonycha pallida	4a	Mar 5
		*Diplotaxis moerens	7a	Aug 29
		Diplotaxis subangulata	6a, 7a, 9a	May 7-Aug 2
		*Ligyrus gibbosus obsoletus	6a, 7a	May 3-Aug29
		*Paracotalpa ursina	1a	Feb 12
		*Polyphylla decemlineata	7a	Jun 29
		*Species 1	7a	May 7
	Staphylini	•		
	D tapas	Coproporus sp.	7a	May 7
		Species 1	9a	Sep 20
		*Species 2	3b, 7a	Apr 11-Aug 29
		*Species 4	9a	Aug 2
		*Species 5	7a	May 7
	Tenebrion	•		•
	1011011011	Abolus verrucosus	1a, 5a-b, 8a, 9a	Feb 12-Sep 6
		*Agorporis sp.	2a	Mar 29
		Aloephus sp.	7a, 9a	Jun 29-Aug 2
		Apsena rufipes	3b	Apr 22
		Araeoschizus andrewsi	3a	Apr 22
		*Argoporia sp.	2a	Mar 29
		*Asidina sp.	1a	Feb 12
		Auchmobius picipes	8a	May 13
		Blapstinus pulverulentus	1a	Apr 8
		Coniontis ellyptica	3d	Apr 22
		*Coniontis parviceps	1a, 7a, 9a	Feb 12-Aug2
		Coniontis sp.	2a, 9a	Jan 29-May 22
		*Cryptoglossa muricata	7a	May 7
		Edrotes ventricosus	1a-c, 4a, 5a, 8a	Feb 12-Sep 14
		Eleodes armata	1a, 2a, 3c, 7a, 8a, 9a	Jan 29-Sep 6
		Eleodes sp. 1	1a-b, 2c, 5a, 8a, 9a	Jan 13-Oct 20
		*Eupsophus castaneus	7a	May 7
		*Eusattus dubius	2c	Jan 29-Mar 25
		Eusattus muricatus	1a-b	Feb 12
		Philolithus actuosus	2a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Jan 29-Oct 12
		Trogoderus costatus	1a	Feb 12
		Species 1	3b, 8a	Jun 2-Jul 16
		Species 3	9a	Aug 2
		*Species 4	9a	Aug 2
Tricoptera		1		_
	Hydropsy	chidae		
	J FJ	Species 1	9a	Sep 20
Lepidoptera		•		-
-FF	Arctiidae			
	_	Apantesis proxima	3b	Apr 18-Aug 11
		• •		

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	Localities	<u>Date</u>
	Blastobasi	dae		
		*Species 1	4a	Mar 5
	Cochylidae			
		*Cochylini sp.	8a	Sep 14
	Coleophor			1
	_	*Coleophora sp. 1	8a	Sep 14
		*Coleophora sp. 2	3a, 4a	Mar 5-Sep 14
		*Coleophora sp. 3	2c, 4a	Mar 5-25
	Cosmopter	rigidae		
		*Stagmatophora iridella	7a	May 7
	Cossidae			
		Hypopta palmata	6a, 9a	Aug 2-22
		Comadia henrici	6a	May 2
		Givira mucida	6a, 7a	May 7-Aug 29
	Gelechiida	ie		
		*Arotsura sp. 1	2c, 4a	Mar 5-25
		*Arotsura sp. 2	7s, 9a	May 7-Sep 20
		*Aroga paulella	4a	Mar 5
		Chionodes abdominella	3b	Jun 2
		*Gnorimoschema coquillettellum	9a	Sep 20
		Lita incicur	7a, 9a	Sep 20-Oct 12
		*Lita puertella	1a, 7a	Oct 12-20
		*Lita sp. 1	7a	Oct 12
		*Species 1	4a, 6a	Mar 5-Oct 5
		*Species 2	7a	May 7
		*Species 3	1a, 8a, 9a	Sep 14-Oct 20
		*Species 4	7a	Apr 8
	Geometrid			
		*Eupithecia deserticola	2c	Jan 29
		Glaucina erroraria	2c, 7a, 9a	Mar 25-Sep 20
		*Glaucina baea	7a	Aug 29
		*Glaucina loxa	8a	Jul 16
		*Lithostege deserticola	4a	Nov 1
		*Lobocleta ossularia	1a	Sep 25
		Narraga timetaria *Nasusina minuta	8a	Sep 14
			2c	Mar 25
		*Paraglaucina halstinoides Perizoma custodiata	9a	Sep 20
		Plataea diva	2c, 4a	Mar 5-25
		*Semiothis californiaria	2c 2c	Mar 25 Jan 29
		Semiothisa colorata		
		Semiothis cyda	1a, 2c, 4a, 6a, 7a, 8a, 9a 1b	Jan 29-Sep 14
		Semiothisa excurvata	8a, 9a	Sep 6
		Singlochis perumbraria	2c, 4a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Jul 16-Aug 2
		Synchlora aerata	3b	Mar 5-Sep 20 Jun 2
		*Yermoia perplexa	2c	Jan 29
		10. mom perpiesa	20	Jan 47

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
	Hesperida	e		
	•	Atalopedes campestris	3b	Aug 11
		Helioptes ericetorum	9a	May 22
		Hylephleus phyleus	3b	Aug 11
		Polites sabulleti	3b	Apr 18-Aug 11
		Pseudocopaeodes eunis	3a-b	Apr 18-Jun 2
		Pyrgus communis	9a	May 22
		*Pyrgus scriptura	9a	May 22
	Incurvarii			
		*Adela punctiferella	4b	Mar 5
		*Caucas trifascia	4b	Mar 5
		*Prodoxus sordidus	4c, 8a	Mar 5-Sep 14
		*Tegeticula paradoxa	4c	Mar 5
	Lycaenida	_		
	•	Apodemia mormo deserti	6a	Jun 13
		Apodemia mormo nr virgulti	2d	May 13
		Brephidium exilis	1a-b, 1d, 2c, 3a-b, 3d,	Feb 26-Aug 29
			4a, 5a-c, 6a, 7a-b, 8a,	
			9a-b	
		*Euphilotes bernardino	2d, 7a	May 7-13
	Noctuiidae			
		Agrotis ipsilon	9a	Sep 20
		*Abagrotis nefascia	ба	May 2
		*Abagrotis trigona	7a	Aug 29
		*Aseptis monica	2c	Mar 25
		Autographa californica	4a	Mar 5
		*Catocala aholibah	2c	Mar 25
		Copicuculia eulipes	8a	Jul 16
		*Copicuculia heinrichi	2c	Mar 25
		*Discestra fulgora	2c	Mar 25
		*Egira curialis	2c	Jan 29-Mar 25
		*Euxoa atomaris	1a, 3a, 6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Sep 14-Oct 20
		Euxoa auxiliaris	1a, 6a, 9a	Apr 8-Oct 5
		Euxoa olivia	1a, 3b, 4a, 7a	Oct 9-Nov 1
		Euxoa recula	1a, 4a, 7a	Oct 12-Nov 1
		*Euxoa satis	7a, 8a	Aug 29-Sep 14
		Euxoa selenis	1a, 2c, 3b	Mar 25-Apr 22
		Euxoa serricornis	2c, 6a	Mar 25-May 2
		*Euxoa tocoyae	1a	Apr 8
		Heliothis zea	3b, 6a	Aug 22-Oct 9
		Helotropha reniformis	3b	Jul 11
		*Manruta elingua	4a	Nov 1
		*Oncocnemis augustus	4a	Nov 1
		*Peridroma saucia	1a, 3b, 4a	Mar 5-Aug 11
		*Ponometia megocula	4a, 6a	Mar 5-Oct 5
		*Protogygia biclavis	4a	Mar 5
		*Protogygia enalaga	1a	Apr 8

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		Protorthodes alfkeni	1a, 3b, 7a, 8a	Aug 29-Oct 9
		*Proxenus mindara	3b, 7a	Aug 11-29
		Pseudorthosia variabilis	3b	Sep 21
		*Rancora comstocki	2c	Jan 29
		Rhizagrotis albalis	4a, 6a, 7a	Mar 5-May 7
		Rhynchagrotis exsertistigma	2c, 3b, 6a, 7a	Mar 25-May 7
		Schinia separata	8a	Sep 14
		*Schinia erosa	6a, 9a	Sep 20-Oct 5
		*Schinia ligeae	2c	Mar 25
		*Schinia oleagina	1a	Sep 25
		Scotagramma fieldi	1a, 4a, 5c	Oct 20-Nov 1
		*Setagrotis radiatus	6a	May 2
		Spaelothis havilae	1a, 2c, 6a, 7a	Apr 8-Oct 5
		Spodoptera exigua	3b, 4a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Aug 2-Nov 1
		Spodoptera praefica	1a, 4a	Mar 5-Oct 20
		*Trichoclea postica	1a, 4a 1a	Apr 8
		*Trichopolia dentatella	6a, 7a-b, 9a	Sep 20-Oct 12
		Tridepia nova	3b, 6a, 9a	Jul 11-Aug 22
		*Walterela ocellata	2c	Jan 29
	Nymphalid		20	34H 29
	- · J P	Danaus plexippus	3b	Aug 11
		Nymphalis antiopa	3b	Jun 2
		Vanessa annabella	3b	Apr 18-Jun 2
		Vanessa cardui	4a-c	Mar 5
	Oecophori			
	•	*Inga cretacea	7a	May 7
		*Pleurota albastrigulella	2c	Mar 25
	Pieridae	5		
		Anthocharis cethura	3b, 4a-c	Feb 26-Mar 5
		Artogeia rapae	3b	Jun 2-Aug 11
		Euchloe hyantis	3b, 4a-c, 5a	Feb 18-Mar
		Pontia protodice	3a-b, 3d, 7b, 8a, 9a	Mar 25-Aug 11
	Plutellidae	-		· ·
		*Plutella nr albidorsella	2c	Mar 25
		*Plutella xylostella	1a, 2c, 4a	Mar 5-Oct 20
		*Ypsolopha delscatella	6a, 8a	Sep 14-Oct 5
		*Ypsolopha sp. 1	2c	Mar 25
	Pterophori			
		*Species 1	2c, 4a, 6a, 9a	Mar 5-Sep 20
		*Species 2	2c	Mar 25
	Pyralidae			
		*Achyra sp. 1	3b	Aug 11
		*Alpheias sp. 1	7a	Aug 29
		*Amydria sp. 1	3b, 7a	Jun 29-Sep 21
		*Euchromius ocelleus	1a, 3b	Aug 11-Oct 20
		*Eumysia sp.	3b	Sep 21
		*Frechinia laetalis	9a	Sep 20

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	<u>Localities</u>	<u>Date</u>
		Loxostege cereralis	9a	Aug 2
		Loxostege stricticalis	7a	May 7-Jun 29
		Nomophila nearctica	7a	Oct 12
		*Passodena flavidorsella	2c, 8a	Mar 25-Sep 14
		*Pima abiplagiatella	2c	Mar 25
		Prorasea sideralis	2c, 4a, 9a	Mar 5-Sep 20
		*Pseudoschoenobius sp. 1	4a	Mar 5-Sep 20
		*Rhagea packardella	6a	May 2
		*Species 1 (Phycitinae)	2c	Mar 25
		*Species 2 (Phycitinae)	6a	Aug 22
		*Species 3 (Phycitinae)	9a	Sep 20
	Saturnida			
		Hemileuca burnsi	8a, 9a	Sep 14-20
	Scythridid	lae		
		*Species 1	8a	Jul 16
		*Species 2	8a	May 13
		*Species 3	7b	May 7
		*Species 4	9a	Sep 20
	Sphingida	•		
		*Hyles lineata	1a	Apr 8
		Euproserpinus phaeton	2b, 3b, 5a	Jan 29-Feb 26
	Tineidae			
		Acrolophus variabilis	6a, 8a	Aug 22-Sep 14
		*Acrolophus sp. 1	2c, 3b	Aug 11-Sep 4
		*Acrolophus sp. 2	6a	Aug 22
		*Species 1 (Tineinae)	2c, 6a, 7a, 8a	Mar 25-Sep 14
	Tortricida	ie		
		*Bactra macopiana	3b	Jul 11-Aug 11
		*Cydia latiferreana	8a	Sep 14
		*Eucosma nr totana	8a, 9a	Sep 14-20
		*Eucosma sp. 1	9a	Sep 20
		*Eucosma sp. 2	8a	Sep 14
		Ofatulena duodecemlineata	7a	Aug 29
		Phaneta sp. 1	4a	Mar 5
Diptera				
	Agromyzi			0 (0) 5
		*Species 2	1a, 3b, 6b, 7b, 8a, 9a	Sep 6-Oct 5
		*Species 3	3b	Feb 26
	Anthomyi			T 00 0 .00
		Pegoya duplicata	1a, 2a, 3a-b, 4c, 6a,	Jan 29-Oct 20
			7a-b, 9a	3.6. 69
		*Species 1	7a	May 7
		*Species 2	3b-c	Feb 26-Apr 22
	Anthomyz			D 1 06 37 00
		Anthomyza sp.	3b	Feb 26-Nov 20
	Assilidae			A 20
		Cerotainiops n. sp.	7b	Aug 29

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		*Coleomyia sp.	9a	Mar 25
		*Comontella fallei	4a	Nov 1
		*Cophura timberlakei	4b	Nov 1
		*Cophura tunca	6a	Oct 5
		*Cophura vanduzeei	1a	Oct 20
		*Efferia albibarbis	3b	Jun 2
		*Efferia beneticti	8a	Jul 16
		Efferia candida	8a	Jul 16
		*Efferia deserti	6a, 8a	May 3-13
		*Heteropogon sp.	9a	Sep 20
		*Lestomyia sabulana	2c, 9a	Mar 25
		*Metapogon tricellus	4b	Nov 1
		*Stichopogon nr. fragilis	1a	Sep 15
	Asteiidae	Astiosoma aridum	7b	May 7
	Bibionida	e		1 41 44 /
	Bombyllic	Philia orbata	9a	Sep 20
	Бошоуще	Anthrax irroratus	9a	Mar 25
		*Aphoebantus desertus	1a, 2c, 4a	Mar 5-Apr 8
		*Aphoebantus marginatus	1a, 6b	Apr 8-Jun 13
		*Aphoebantus transitus	4b	Mar 5
		Apolysis druias	2d, 3b, 7a, 9a	Apr 22-Sep 20
		Apolysis sp. 1	1a, 1d, 2d, 7a-b	Apr 8-Oct 20
		Chrysanthrax pertusus	6b, 7b	Jun 13-Aug 29
		Conophorus fenestratus	9a	Mar 25
		Geron nigripes	1a, 1d, 6a, 7a-b, 8a	May 7-Oct 20
		Hemipenthes eumenes	1a, 2c, 9a	Mar 25-Apr 8
		Lepidanthrax inauratus	6b	Jun 13
		Lordotus luteolus	9a	Mar 25
		Mithicomyia antecessor	7a-b, 8a	Jun 29-Aug 29
		Oligodranes trochilus	4a, 9a-b	Mar 5-25
		Pantarbes sp. 1	2c, 4a, 9a	Mar 5-25
		Paravilla syrtis	6a-b	May 3
		Poecilanthrax californicus	6b, 7a	Oct 5-12
		Villa agrippina	1b, 3b-c, 8a	Apr 22-Sep 6
		Villa andrewsi	9a	Mar 25
		Villa arenosa	3b	Jun 2
		Villa sp.	7a	Jun 29
		*Species 1	1a	Sep 6
		*Species 2	8a	May 13
		*Species 3	4a	Mar 5
	Calliphori			
		Bufolucilia silvarum	3b	Apr 11
		Calliphora terrae-novae	5b	Feb 19
		Pollenia rudis	3b, 3d, 8a	Apr 11-Sep 21
		*Species 3	7a, 8a	Jun 29-Oct 12

<u>Order</u>	<u>Family</u>	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
	Cecidomy	iidae		
	·	Asphondylia sp. 1	6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	May 7-Sep 14
		Asphondylia sp. 2	1a, 2a, 3b, 4a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Jan 29-Sep 21
		Species 1	2d, 3b, 6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Aug 29-Oct 5
		*Species 2	1a, 1d	Sep 6-Oct 20
	Ceratopog	-	•	-
		Culicoides sp. 1	1a, 7a	May 7-Sep 6
		Forcipomyia brevippenis	1a, 3a, 8a, 9a	Sep 14-Nov 20
		*Species 1	7b	Oct 12
	Chironom	-		
		Species 1	1a, 3a-b, 3d, 7a	Apr 8-Sep 21
		Species 3	3b, 9a	Sep 20-Nov 20
		Species 4	1a, 3d	Apr 8-Oct 20
,		Species 8	1a	Sep 6-Oct 20
		*Species 9	1a, 3b	Apr 11-Sep 6
	Chloropid	•		_
		Olcella punctifrons	2d, 6a, 7a-b	May 2-Aug 29
		Siphonella sp.	3b	Apr 11-Aug 11
		Thaumatomyia rubida	1a, 2d	Sep 6-14
		Species 4	1a, 3a-b, 7a-b, 8a	Feb 26-Nov 20
		Species 5	3b	Jun 2
		*Species 6	1a, 3b	Sep 6-21
		*Species 7	1a	Sep 6
		*Species 8	6a, 7a	May 2-7
		*Species 9	1a, 2d, 7a	Apr 8-May 13
		*Species 10	1a	Apr 8
	Conopidae	-		
	_	Physocephala texana	3b	Apr 11-Aug 11
	Culicidae			
		Aedes varipalpus	1a, 3a-b	Apr 11-Oct 20
		Culex peus	3a-b	Apr 11-Sep 21
		Culiseta inomata	6a, 9a	Sep 20-Oct 5
	Dolichopo	didae		
		Dolichopus consanguineus	3a-b, 6a	Apr 11-Oct 5
		Hydrophorus eldoradensis	3a	Nov 20
		Medetera sp.	1a, 7a	Sep 6-Oct 12
		Species 1	1a	Sep 6
	Drosophili	idae		
		*Species 1	1a, 6a, 9a	Sep 6-Oct 5
	Empidae			
		*Species 1	3a	Feb 26-Nov 20
	Ephydrida	ae		-
		Ephydra halophila	3a-b	Sep 21-Nov 20
		Mosillus tibialis	1a-b, 1d, 3a-b, 6a, 7a	Feb 26-Nov 20
		Psilo olga	3a	Feb 26
		Species 1	3a	Feb 26-Nov 20
		*Species 3	3a, 6a	Aug 22-Nov 20

<u>Order</u>	<u>Family</u>	Species	<u>Localities</u>	<u>Date</u>
	Heleomyz	idae		
		Pseudoleria sp.	2a, 3b, 9a	Jan 29-Mar 25
		*Species 2	1a	Oct 20
		*Species 3	4c, 9a	Mar 5-25
	Milichiida	-	, , , ,	1VIUI 5 25
		Milichiella sp. 2	1a, 1d, 2d, 3a-b, 6a, 7a-b, 9a	Feb 26-Oct 20
	Muscidae			
		Limophora narona	7b	Oct 12
		Lispe sp.	1a, 3a-b	Jun 2-Oct 20
		Species 4	la de la companya de	Oct 20
		Species 5	1a, 3a, 8a, 9a	Sep 6-21
		Species 7	1a, 3b	Sep 6-Nov 20
	Mycetoph	-	- 4, 55	56p 0 1101 20
	y cotopi	Species 1	1a	Oct 20
	Mydidae	Species 1	14	OCI 20
	1/1y diame	*Pseudonomo neuro	7b	Aug 29
	Otitidae	1 seudonomo neuro	70	Aug 29
	Ommane	Euxesta sp. 1	3b	Apr 11
		Euxesta sp. 2	3b	Jun 2
		Euxesta sp. 4	3b, 7b, 9a	Mar 25-Oct12
		Meliera similis	3b	Jun 2
		Physiphora demandata	3b	Apr 22
	Richardii		30	Apr 22
		*Species 1	7b	Oct 12
	Sarcopha	_	70	OCt 12
	Sur John.	Blaesoxipha plinthopyga	1a, 6a, 7a-b, 8a	Apr 8-Oct 5
		Blaesoxipha omani	1a, 7a, 8a, 9a	Aug 2-Sep 20
	Scatopsid	-	1u, 7u, 0u, 7u	Flug 2-5cp 20
	Soutopoid	Coboldia fuscipes	3a-b	Apr 22-Nov 20
	Scenopini		<i>5</i> u <i>b</i>	Apr 22-140V 20
	Double	Metatrichia bulbosa	2d, 6a, 7a-b	May 2-Aug 29
		Species 1	2d, 8a	May 13-Jul 16
	Sepsidae	Species 1	24, 04	1v1ay 15-3u1 10
	Борышь	Sepsis neocynipsea	9a	Sep 20
	Simuliida		<i>7</i> a	Scp 20
		Species 1	7a	May 7
	Sphaeroce	*	, u	way /
		Leptocera formosa	3a-b, 6a, 9a	Feb 26-Nov 20
	Syrphidae	_	54 5, 54, 74	100 20 1107 20
	Japanes	Ceriana sp.	1a	Apr 8
		*Eristalis alhambra	3b	Aug 11
		Eristalis latifrons	3a-b	Aug 11-Sep 21
		Eristalis tenax	3b	Apr 22-Aug 11
		Eupeodes volucris	1a, 3a-b, 4a	Mar 5-Sep 21
		Mesograpta marginata	1a, 5a-0, 4 a 1a	Sep 6
		Platycheirus stegnus	1a	Apr 8
		- talyonou us stogius	14	Apr 0

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		*Polydontomyia curvipes	3 b	Aug 11
		Syritta pipiens	3b, 3d	Apr 11-Sep 21
	Tabanidae	•	,	
		Chrysopa discalis	3b	Apr 11-Aug 11
		Tabanus punctuifer	1a, 3a	Sep 6-21
	Tachinida		-	
	Merochaetina sp.		1a, 4a, 6a, 7a, 8a	Mar 5-Oct 5
		Peleteria malleola	1a, 5a, 9a	Feb 19-Apr 8
		Species 1	9a	May 13
		Species 2	3a, 4a, 7a	Mar 5-Oct 12
		*Species 3	3c	Jun 6
		Species 4	1a, 3b	Apr 22-Sep 6
		*Species 5	1a	Jun 6
		*Species 6	9a	Mar 25
		*Species 7	3b	Apr 11-Aug 11
	Tephritida	-		-
		Trupanea jonesi	6a	May 2
		*Species 1	1a	Sep 6
		*Sepcies 2	1a	Sep 6
		Species 3	1a, 3a, 9a	Sep 6-21
	Therevida	•		
		Thereva sp. 1	1d, 3a, 4b	Mar 5-Sep 21
		Thereva sp. 3	1d, 7b	Apr 8-May 7
		*Thereva sp. 4	7a	May 7
		*Thereva sp. 5	8a	May 13-Sep 14
	Tipulidae			
		*Dactylolabis vestigipennis	2c	Jan 29
		*Erioptera cana	3b	Feb 26
		Tipula sp. 1	1a, 2c, 7b	Mar 25-May 7
		Tipula sp. 2	1a, 2c	Mar 25-Apr 8
		*Tipula sp. 3	2c	Mar 25
		*Tipula sp. 4	1b	Apr 8
		Limnophila sp. 1	3b	Jun 2
		*Species 1	3a	Feb 26
		*Species 2	1a	Sep 6
	Trixosceli			3.5
		Species 1	1a, 2c, 4c, 9a	Mar 5-Apr 8
Hymenoptera	Andrenida	ae		
		Species 1	4a	Mar 5
		Species 2	3b	Apr 11
		Species 3	1a	Apr 8
		Species 4	3b, 8a	Apr 11-Aug 11
		Species 5	2c, 4b	Mar 5-25
		Species 6	4a-b, 9b	Mar 5-May 13
		Species 7	7b	May 7
		Species 8	1d	Oct 20

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		Species 9	4a, 9a	Mar 5-25
		Species 10	4b	Mar 5
		Species 11	6a	May 2
		Species 12	1a	Sep 6
		Species 13	4a	Mar 5
		Species 14	1a, 3b	Apr 8-Aug11
		Species 15	3b	Apr 11
		Species 16	3b	Apr 11
	Anthophor	ridae		•
		Species 1	9a	Mar 25
		Species 2	9a	Mar 25
		Species 3	6a	May 7
		Species 4	4a, 9a	Mar 5-25
		Species 5	7b	May 7
		Species 6	6a	Oct 5
		Species 7	1d	Oct 20
		Species 8	3b	Aug 11
		Species 9	7b	May 7
		Species 10	7b	Jun 29
		Species 11	2c	Mar 25
	Bethylidae			
		Epyris sp.	3b, 3d, 6a, 7a, 8a	Jun 29-Nov 20
		Species 1	6a, 7a, 8a	May 13-Aug 29
	Braconida			
		Species 1	1a, 6a, 8a	Jul 16-Sep 14
		Species 2	7b	May 7
		Species 3	1a, 7a	Apr 8-May 7
		Species 4	1a	Oct 20
		Species 5	7a	Oct 12
		Species 6	2c	Mar 25
		Species 7	6a	May 2
		Species 8	4c	Mar 5
		Species 9	1a, 7a	Aug 29-Oct 20
		Species 10	1d	Oct 20
		Species 11	2a	Jan 29
		Species 12	3b	Apr 11
	C1 1 . 1 . 1	Species 13	8a	Sep 14
	Chalcidida		<i>C.</i>	14. 0
		*Haltichella sp.	6a	May 2
		Hockeria	8a	May 13
	Charaidida	*Species 6	6a	May 2
	Chrysidida		20	Com 21
		Chrysis fuscippennis *Hadvehridium fletcheri	3a	Sep 21
		*Hedychridium fletcheri *Pseudomalus sp	2c, 9a	Mar 25
	Colletidae	*Pseudomalus sp.	3d	Sep 21
	Concuose	Species 1	7a 0b	May 7 12
		Species 1	7a, 9b	May 7-13

<u>Order</u>	<u>Family</u>	Species	Localities	Date			
		Species 2	1a	Sep 6			
	Encyrtidae						
		Species 4	6a, 7b, 8a	May 7-Oct 12			
		*Species 5	7a, 8a	Jun 29-Jul 16			
		*Species 6	8a	Sep 14			
		*Species 7	7a	May 7			
		*Species 8	6a, 7b	Aug 29-Oct 5			
		*Species 9	1d	Apr 8			
		*Species 10	6a	Aug 22			
	Eulophida	-					
		Aprostecetus sp. 1	4a, 6a, 7b, 8a, 9a	May 7-Oct 5			
		Aprostecetus sp. 2	8a, 9a	Jul 16-Sep 20			
		Zagrammosoma americanum	7a	May 7			
		Species 1	1a, 3b, 7b, 9a	Apr 8-Sep 20			
	Eupelmida	-					
	Zupomia	Species 1	2d, 6a	Sep 14-Oct 5			
		Species 2	7a	May 7			
	Eurytomid	-					
	Lux y tomic	Eurytoma complex	1a-b, 3b, 7a-b, 8a	Apr 22-Oct 20			
		Rileya sp.	1a, 6a, 7b, 8a, 9a	Apr 8-Sep 20			
	Formicidae						
	1 of miletus	Camponotus semitestaceus	2a, 2c, 3b	Jan 29-Nov 20			
		Crematogaster mormonum	6a, 8a	May 13-Oct 5			
		Dorymyrmex bicolor	1a	Feb 12-Oct 12			
		Formica pilicornis	1a, 3a, 3d, 5c	Feb 19-Sep 21			
		*Formica subpolita	3d	Sep 21			
		*Iridomyrmex pruinosus	1d, 3a-b, 3d, 6a, 8a	Apr 8-Oct 5			
		*Leptothorax rugatulus	1a	Feb 12			
		Messor pergandei	4c, 6a-b	Aug 22-Oct 5			
		*Monomorium minimum	1a, 4c	Feb 12-Mar 5			
		Myrmecocystus mexicanus	6a, 7a, 8a	Jun 13-Oct 5			
		Myrmecocystus mimicus	2a, 2c, 6a, 7a, 9a	Jan 29-May 22			
		*Pheidole hyatti	3a, 5c	Feb 19-26			
		Pogonomyrmex rugosis	1a, 2a, 2d, 3a, 7a-b, 9a	Feb 12-Oct 12			
		Pogonomyrmex californica	2c, 3a-b, 4a, 6b, 7a, 8a,	Mar 5-Nov 20			
		Calamanaia andarei	9a 3a, 6b, 7a-b	Feb 26-Nov 20			
	.	Solenopsis xyloni	5a, 60, 7a-0	FED 20-190V 20			
	Gasterupio		7.	Mor. 7			
	** ** ** *	*Gasteruption nevadae	7a	May 7			
	Halictidae		21.	A 11			
		Species 1	3b	Aug 11			
		Species 2	1a, 3b, 6a, 7a-b, 8a	May 7-Oct 5			
	Ichneumo		41.	Man 5			
		Compsocrytus sp.	4b	Mar 5			
		Species 1	2c, 9a	Mar 25			
		Species 2	1a, 6b	May 3-Oct 20			
		Species 3	2a, 4a, 6a	Jan 29-May 2			

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
		Species 4	2c	Mar 25
		Species 5	6a	May 2
		Species 6	9a	Mar 25
		Species 7	9a	Mar 25
		Species 8	2c	Mar 25
		Species 9	2c, 4a	Mar 5-25
		Species 10	1b	Oct 20
		Species 11	1a	Sep 6
		Species 12	1a	Apr 8
	Megachili	-		
	•	Species 1	2c, 3b, 6a, 7a-b	Mar 22-Aug 11
		Species 2	3b	Apr 11
		Species 3	1a	Apr 8
		Species 4	7a	May 7
		Species 5	1a	Apr 8
		Species 6	9a	Mar 25
	Mutillidae	-		141ti 25
		Chyphotes melaniceps	7a, 8a, 9a	Jul 16-Aug 29
		Chyphotes nubeculus	1a	Sep 6
		*Dasymutilla phaon	1a	Jun 6
		*Odontophotosis inconspicua	1a, 7b	May 3-Sep 15
		Sphaeropthalma blakei	3a, 8a	Jul 16-Sep 21
		Sphaeropthalma sp. 1	3b, 8a, 9a	Apr 11-Aug 2
		*Species 1	7a, 9a	May 7-Sep 20
		*Species 2	7a, 8a	Jul 16-Sep 14
	Mymarida	ne	•	•
		*Species 1	6a	May 2
	Orymyridae			•
		Species 2	6a	Oct 5
	Perilampi	dae		
		Species 1	3b	Apr 11
		Species 2	<i>7</i> b	May 7
	Platygaste	ridae		•
		*Imostemma sp.	6a	May 2-Oct 5
		*Platygaster sp.	2d, 6a, 7b, 8a	May 7-Oct 5
	Pompilida			
		Anoplius imbellis	1b, 3b, 7b, 8a	Jun 13-Sep 6
		Anoplius yucatanensis	3b, 7a-b, 9a	May 7-Oct 12
	Pteromali			
		Species 1	2d, 3b, 6a, 7a-b, 8a, 9a	May 7-Nov 20
		Species 2	6a, 7a, 9b	May 2-13
		Species 3	1a-b, 1d, 4a, 7a-b, 9a	Mar 5-Oct 20
		Species 4	1a, 6a	Apr 8-Oct 5
		Species 5	6a, 7a	May 2-7
		Species 9	1d	Oct 20
	Scoliidae		_	
		Campsomeris plumipes	8a	Jul 16

<u>Order</u>	Family	Species	Localities	<u>Date</u>
	Sphecidae	Trissolcus sp.	8a	Jul 16
	Spheeraac	Ammophila alberta	1d, 7a, 8a	May 13-Jul 16
		Ammophila placida	2c, 7a	Mar 25-May 7
		Ammophila pruinosa	6a, 7a, 8a, 9a-b	May 3-Oct 5
		*Ammophila wrightii	6b	May 3
		*Anicistroma sp.	6a	May 2
		*Aphilanthops hispidus	7a	May 7
		*Astata nubecula	6a	May 2
		*Belomicrus eriogoni	2d	May 13
		Bembix americana	3b	Aug 11
		*Bembix sayi	1a	Sep 6
		*Bicyrtes capnoptera	3b	Aug 11
		Cerceris np. 2	1a	Apr 8
		Diondontus sp.	1a, 3b	Apr 8-Jun 2
		Entomognathus sp. 1	3d, 7a	Jun 29-Sep 21
		Entomognathus sp. 2	3d	Sep 21
		Fernaldina lucae	8a	Jul 16
		Microbembix argyropleura	7b	Aug 29
		*Mimesa cahuilla	6a	May 2
		*Ochleroptera sp.	7 b	May 7
		Oxybelus argenteopilos	3b	Apr 11
		Oxybelus sp. 1	1a	Sep 6
		Podalonia deserticola	1a-b, 5b, 7a-b, 8a, 9a	Feb 19-Oct 20
		Prionyx parkeri	7a-b	May 7
		Sceliphron caementarium	3a	Sep 21
		Sphex ashmeadi	ба	Aug 22
		Steniolia duplicata	1a, 3b, 7b, 8a, 9b	May 7-Sep 6
		Tachysphex sp.	6a	Jun 13
		Tachytes erimineus	7a	Jun 29
		Tachytes sp.	3b, 7b	Aug 11-Oct 12
		*Trypoxylon aldrichi	6a	May 2
	Tiphiidae			
		Species 1	3a, 6a, 7a, 8a, 9a	May 3-Oct 5
		Species 2	1a, 3b, 6a, 8a, 9a	Aug. 2-Oct 5
		Species 3	7a, 8a	May 23-Jul 16
		Species 4	6a, 7a, 8a	May 7-Aug 29
		Species 5	6a, 8a, 9a	Jul 16-Sep 14
		Species 6	1a, 3b, 6a	Apr 11-Sep 6
		Species 7	6b	May 3
		Species 8	1a, 3b, 7a	May 7-Sep 6
		Species 9	1a, 8a, 9a	May 13-Sep 6
		Species 10	8a	Jul 16
		*Species 11	4b	Mar 5
	Torymidae		4 01 6 7 0	A 22 O 12
		Species 3	1a, 3b, 6a, 7a, 8a	Apr 22-Oct. 12
		Species 5	9a	Sep 20

<u>Order</u>	Family	<u>Species</u>	Localities	<u>Date</u>
	Vespidae	*Species 7	7b, 8a	Oct 12
	vespidae	*Ancistrocercus lineativentris	2c, 9a	Mar 25
		Eucdynerus annulatus	8a	Jul 16
		Eucdynerus sp. 1	1a, 3b, 8a	Jul 16-Sep 6
		*Eucdynerus sp. 2	3d, 7b, 8a, 9a	May 7-Sep 21
		Leptochilus electus	9b	May 13
		*Leptachilus propodealis	6b	May 3
		Leptachilus sp.	7b, 8a	May 7-Aug 29
		Polistes fuscatus	3a-b, 3d	Aug 11-Sep 21
		*Stenodynerus pulvivestis	1a-b, 3b	Apr 11-Oct 20
		Species 1	7a	May 7
		*Species 2	7b	Aug 29

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13.	An invertebrate survey was performed on Edwards Air Force Base during the 1997 season (November 1996 through December 1997), which was a continuation of a 1996 survey. Survey methods involved sweeping of blooming and nonblooming vegetation; searching for invertebrates beneath rocks, logs, and other objects; searching for diurnal and nocturnal crawling, flying, and calling invertebrates; and collecting nocturnal invertebrates drawn to a mercury vapor light. From this study, 769 invertebrate species were collected. A total of 297 species, nearly 40 percent, were new and had not been found last year. Of these species approximately 97 percent were insects and over 80 percent belonged to the four major insect orders: Coleoptera, Lepidoptera, Diptera, and Hymenoptera. Over 15 percent belonged to the next four major insect orders: Orthoptera, Homoptera, Hemiptera, and Neuroptera. Three new species of Gryllacrididae have been found by this survey. Two of the three Cicindela species collected were outside their reported range.					
14.		Invertebrates Survey Mojave Desert		15. NUMBER OF PAGES 43		
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